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BUSINESS ACTIVITIES AND CRIMINAL RESPONSIBILITY OF CORPORATION ACCORDING TO THE ACT NO. 32/2009 CONCERNING PROTECTION AND MANAGEMENT OF THE LIVING ENVIRONMENT

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Abstract

The legal arrangement of the limits of business activities by companies engaged in direct contact with the natural environment is critical and urgent, given the adverse effects it may cause. In Indonesia, The Act No. 32 of 2009 has been enacted to protect and manage natural sustainability. This law focuses on many aspects, one of which is to regulate business activities, and corporate criminal responsibility in the environmental field. The findings of this study show that this regulation, which makes the company a subject of criminal law, is a valuable breakthrough in order to protect the natural environment and wider community from harmful corporate activities. Furthermore, the analysis shows that this Act is a form of implementation from the state to protect the interests of the people.

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